

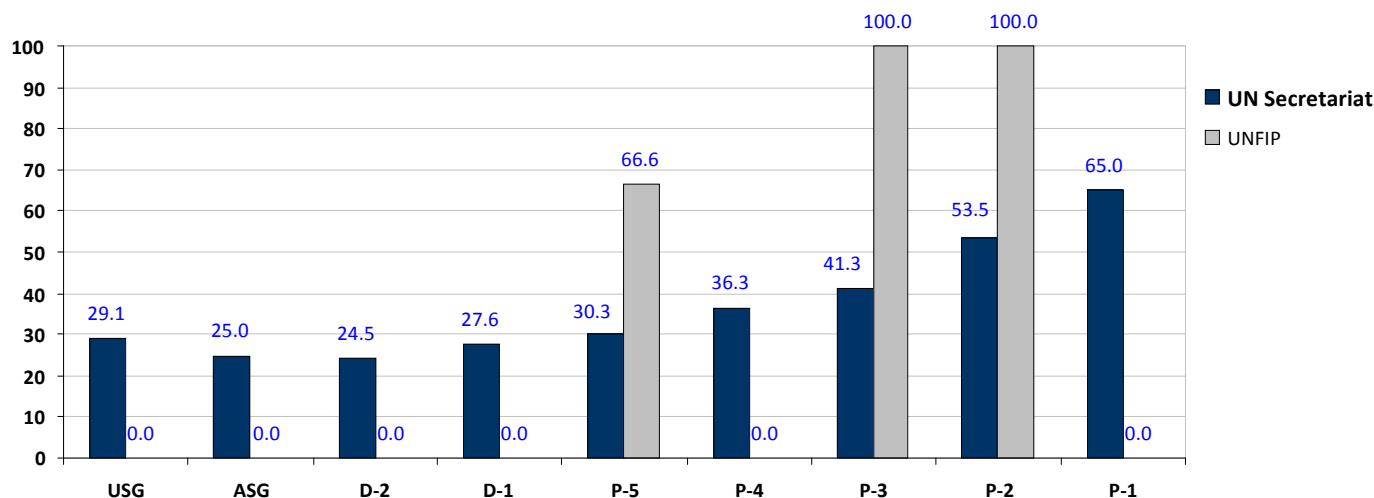
The Status of Women in the United Nations Secretariat Departments

THE UNITED NATIONS SECRETARIAT

UNFIP

Gender distribution of staff in the Professional and higher categories

Percentage of women in the professional and higher categories with appointments of one year or more in the United Nations Secretariat and UNFIP as at 31 December 2010



Trends in the representation of women in the Professional and higher categories – 2000 to 2010

During the period 2000-2010 in the UN Secretariat, the proportion of women increased by 3.3 percentage points, from 35.5% (1785 out of 5034) in 2000 to 38.8% (3,945 out of 10,175) in 2010.

Level	% of women as of 31 Dec 2000	% of women as of 31 Dec 2010	Total change 2000-2010 (percentage points)	Average annual change 2000-2010 (percentage points)
USG	8.6	29.1	20.5	2.1
ASG	11.8	25	13.2	1.3
D-2	18.4	24.5	6.2	0.6
D-1	30.3	27.6	-2.7	-0.3
P-5	31.0	30.3	-0.7	-0.1
P-4	31.8	36.3	4.6	0.5
P-3	39.6	41.3	1.8	0.2
P-2	48.0	53.5	5.6	0.6
P-1	50	65	15.0	1.5

During the period 2000-2010 in UNFIP, the proportion of women increased by 37.5 percentage points, from 25% (1 out of 4) in 2000 to 62.5% (5 out of 8) in 2010.

Level	% of women as of 31 Dec 2000	% of women as of 31 Dec 2010	Total change 2000-2010 (percentage points)	Average annual change 2000-2010 (percentage points)
USG	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ASG	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
D-2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
D-1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
P-5	0.0	66.7	66.7	6.7
P-4	50.0	0.0	-50.0	-5.0
P-3	0.0	100.0	100.0	10.0
P-2	0.0	100.0	100.0	10.0
P-1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

<p>As of 31 December 2010, women in the UN Secretariat constituted:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 38.8% (3,945 out of 10,175) of all staff in the professional and higher categories with appointments of one year or more; • 26.9% (207 out of 770) of all staff at the D-1 level and above; • 39.7% (3,738 out of 9,405) of all staff at the P level; <p>Gender balance has only been achieved at the P-2 (53.5%) and P-1 (65%) levels. <u>Largest increase:</u> USG (20.5% from 8.6% in Dec. 2000 to 29.1% in Dec. 2010) and in ASG level(13.2% from 11.8% in Dec. 2000 to 25% in 2010); <u>Largest decrease:</u> D-1 (-2.7% from 30.3% in Dec 2000 to 27.6% in Dec 2010)</p>	<p>As of 31 December 2010, women in UNFIP constituted:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 62.5% (5 out of 8) of all staff in the professional and higher categories with appointments of one year or more; • 0% (0 out of 2) of all staff at the D-1 level and above; • 83.3% (5 out of 6) of all staff at the P level; <p>Gender balance has been achieved at the P-5 (66.7%), P-3 (100%) and P-2 (100%) levels. <u>Largest increase:</u> P-3 and P-2 (100% from 0% in Dec. 2000 to 100% in Dec. 2010); <u>Largest decrease:</u> P-4 (-50% from 50% in Dec 2000 to 0% in Dec 2010)</p>
<p><i>Promotions, appointments, and separations in the Professional and higher categories – 1 January 2008 to 31 December 2009</i></p>	
<p>* PROMOTIONS *</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Promotions of women accounted for 47.6% (435 out of 914) of all promotions to the P-2 to D-1 levels, 31.2% (25 out of 80) of promotions to the D-1 level, and 49.2% (410 out of 834) of promotions to the P-2 to P-5 levels. • Gender parity in promotions was only met at the P-2 (66.7%) and P-3 (52.2%) levels. • <u>Lowest proportion:</u> 31.3% (25 out of 80) at the D-1 level 	<p>* PROMOTIONS *</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Promotions of women accounted for 100% (1 out of 1) of all promotions at the P-2 to P-5 levels. • Gender parity in promotions was met at the P-5 (100%) level.
<p>* APPOINTMENTS *</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Appointments of women represented 42.7% (1,743 out of 4,085) of all appointments from the P-1 to the USG levels, 23.5% (4 out of 17) at the USG level, 22.9% (8 out of 35) at the ASG level, 26.1% (57 out of 218) at the D-1 level and above and 43.6% (1,686 out of 3,867) at the P-1 to P-5 levels. • Gender parity in appointments was only met at the P-1 level (62.1%) and P-2 level (58.0%). • <u>Lowest proportion:</u> 21.6% (11 out of 51) at the D-2 level 	<p>* APPOINTMENTS *</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Appointments of women represented 75% (6 out of 8) of all appointments at the P-2 to P-5 levels. • Gender parity in appointments was met at the P-5 (100%), P-4 (50%), P-3 (100%), and P-2 (100%) levels. <p><u>Lowest proportion:</u> 50% (2 out of 4) at the P-4 level.</p>
<p>* SEPARATIONS *</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 3,751 staff in the professional and higher categories with appointments of one year or more separated out of a total of 10,118 staff. • Separations of women constituted: 42.8% (1,607 out of 3,751) of all separations in the Professional and higher categories. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 26.4% (72 out of 273) at the D-1 level and above ○ 44.1% (1,535 out of 3,478) at the Professional level (P-1 through P-5), • <u>Major causes of separation:</u> Women constituted 44.3% (1,153 out of 2,601) of appointments expirations, 42.7% (226 out of 529) of resignations, and 37.0% (133 out of 359) of mandatory retirements. 	<p>* SEPARATIONS *</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Separations of women constituted: 66.7% (6 out of 9) of all separations in the Professional categories. • <u>Highest proportion:</u> 100% (1 out of 1) at the P-5 and P-3 levels; 100% (2 out of 2) at the P-2 level.